

SSM3J305T

Unit: mm

- 4 V drive
- Low ON-resistance: $R_{on} = 477 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ (max)} (@V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V})$ $R_{on} = 237 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ (max)} (@V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V})$

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

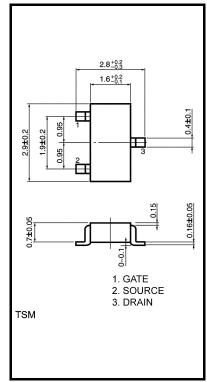
Characteristic		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Drain-source voltage		V _{DS}	-30	V
Gate-source voltage		V _{GSS}	± 20	V
Drain current	DC	۱ _D	-1.7	A
	Pulse	I _{DP}	-3.4	
Drain power dissipation		PD (Note 1)	700	mW
Channel temperature		T _{ch}	150	°C
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	–55 to 150	°C

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the TY Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Mounted on an FR4 board. (25.4 mm \times 25.4 mm \times 1.6 t, Cu Pad: 645 mm 2)

Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)



Weight: 10 mg (typ.)

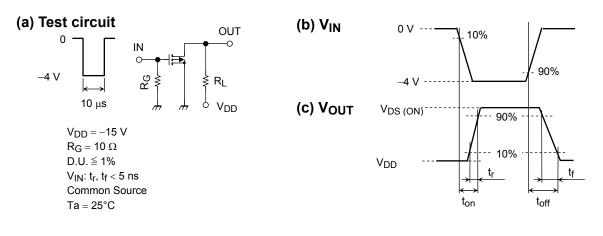
Characteristic Symbol **Test Condition** Min Max Unit Тур. $I_D = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0$ -30 V (BR) DSS V Drain-source breakdown voltage $I_D = -1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = +20 \text{ V}$ V (BR) DSX -15 Drain cutoff current $V_{DS} = -30 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 0$ IDSS ____ -1 μΑ ____ $V_{GS} = \pm 16 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{DS} = 0$ μA Gate leakage current IGSS +1____ ____ Gate threshold voltage $V_{DS} = -5 V, I_D = -1 mA$ -1.2 -2.6 V Vth ____ Forward transfer admittance V_{DS} = -5 V, I_D =- 0.65 A 0.8 s |Y_{fs}| (Note 2) 1.5 ____ $I_D = -0.65 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -10 \text{ V}$ 177 (Note 2) 237 Drain-source ON-resistance mΩ R_{DS} (ON) $I_D = -0.4 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = -4 \text{ V}$ 357 477 (Note 2) ____ Input capacitance Ciss 137 $V_{DS} = -15 V$, $V_{GS} = 0$, f = 1 MHzpF Output capacitance C_{OSS} 39 Reverse transfer capacitance C_{rss} 20 Total Gate Charge 1.3 Qg V_{DS} = -15 V, I_{DS}= -1.7 A Gate-Source Charge 0.7 nC Q_{gs} $V_{GS} = -4 V$ Gate-Drain Charge Q_{gd} ____ 0.6 ____ Turn-on time 15 t_{on} $V_{DD} = -15 V, I_D = -0.65 A,$ Switching time ns $V_{GS}=0$ to -4 V, $R_G=10\ \Omega$ Turn-off time 14 toff ____ ____ Drain-source forward voltage VDSF $I_D = 1.7 \text{ A}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ (Note 3) 0.85 1.2 V

Note 2: Pulse test

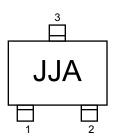


Switching Time Test Circuit

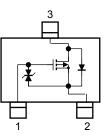




Marking



Equivalent Circuit (top view)



Precaution

 V_{th} can be expressed as the voltage between gate and source when the low operating current value is $I_D = -1$ mA for this product. For normal switching operation, V_{GS} (on) requires a higher voltage than V_{th} and V_{GS} (off) requires a lower voltage than V_{th} .

(The relationship can be established as follows: $V_{GS (off)} < V_{th} < V_{GS (on).}$)

Take this into consideration when using the device.

Handling Precaution

When handling individual devices that are not yet mounted on a circuit board, make sure that the environment is protected against electrostatic discharge. Operators should wear antistatic clothing, and containers and other objects that come into direct contact with devices should be made of antistatic materials.